

1. Solve the equation:

$$\frac{2}{x} + 6 = \frac{13}{2}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\left(\frac{2}{x} + 6\right) \cdot 2x &= \left(\frac{13}{2}\right) \cdot 2x \\ \frac{2}{x}(2x) + 6(2x) &= 13x \\ 4 + 12x &= 13x \\ 4 &= x\end{aligned}$$

2. If a restaurant bill comes to \$20 (including tax, but not tip) and then you add a 15% tip, how much is the total cost of the meal?

$$\text{The tip comes to } (0.15) \cdot (20) = \$3.00$$

$$\text{So altogether, the bill comes to } \$20 + \$3 = \$23$$

3. If $f(x) = 3x^2 + 4$, find $\frac{f(2+h) - f(2)}{h}$.

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{f(2+h) - f(2)}{h} &= \frac{(3(2+h)^2 + 4) - (3(2)^2 + 4)}{h} \\ &= \frac{3(4 + 4h + h^2) + 4 - 16}{h} \\ &= \frac{12 + 12h + 3h^2 - 12}{h} \\ &= \frac{12h + 3h^2}{h} \\ &= 12 + 3h\end{aligned}$$

4. Suppose a company that makes frisbees has a fixed weekly cost of \$10,000 and makes the frisbees at a cost of \$0.50 each. If it sells the frisbees for \$4.50 each, how many must it sell to break even?

$$C(x) = 10,000 + 0.5x$$

$$R(x) = 4.5x$$

$$P(x) = R(x) - C(x) = 4.5x - (10,000 + 0.5x) = 4x - 10,000$$

To break even :

$$4x - 10,000 = 0$$

$$4x = 10,000$$

$$x = 2,500$$

It must sell 2,500 frisbees to break even.

5. Write the equation of the line that passes through the points $(1, 3)$ and $(2, 7)$.

$$\text{The slope is } m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1} = \frac{7 - 3}{2 - 1} = \frac{4}{1} = 4.$$

Using the point $(1, 3)$, we have :

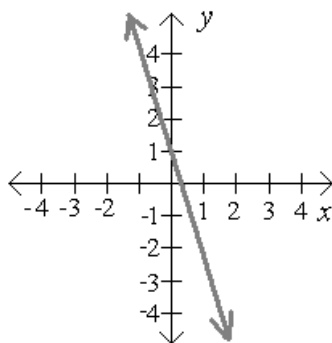
$$3 = (4)(1) + b$$

$$3 = 4 + b$$

$$b = -1$$

The line is $y = 4x - 1$.

6. Write a reasonable equation for the line sketched below:



$$y = -3x + 1$$

7. Solve the system of equations:

$$\begin{cases} 4x + y = 5 \\ 8x - 3y = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{cases} 4x + y = 5 & \xrightarrow{*3} & 12x + 3y = 15 \\ 8x - 3y = 0 & \implies & 8x - 3y = 0 \end{cases}$$

$$20x + 0 = 15$$

$$20x = 15$$

$$x = \frac{15}{20} = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\begin{aligned} 4\left(\frac{3}{4}\right) + y &= 5 \\ 3 + y &= 5 \\ y &= 2 \end{aligned}$$

The solution is $\left(\frac{3}{4}, 2\right)$.

8. Robin wants to buy soda and chips for charity. The soda costs \$1 per can and the chips cost \$2 per bag. Robin wants to spend exactly \$20 and wants to buy exactly 15 items. Set up, **but do not solve**, a system of equations that models this situation. Remember that you must introduce your variables properly.

Let x = the number of sodas Robin will buy and let y = the number of bags of chips.

$$\begin{aligned}x + y &= 15 \\x + 2y &= 20\end{aligned}$$

9. Solve the equation:

$$\begin{aligned}x^2 - 6x + 8 &= 0 \\(x - 4)(x - 2) &= 0\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}x - 4 &= 0 \text{ OR } x - 2 = 0 \\x &= 4 \text{ OR } x = 2\end{aligned}$$

10. Solve the equation:

$$2x^2 - 2x - 1 = 0$$

$$\begin{aligned}x &= \frac{-(-2) + \sqrt{(-2)^2 - 4(2)(-1)}}{2(2)} \text{ OR } x = \frac{-(-2) - \sqrt{(-2)^2 - 4(2)(-1)}}{2(2)} \\x &= \frac{2 + \sqrt{12}}{4} \text{ OR } x = \frac{2 - \sqrt{12}}{4}\end{aligned}$$

11. Find the vertex of the graph:

$$y = 3x^2 - 3x + 1$$

$$\begin{aligned}x &= \frac{-(-3)}{2(3)} = \frac{1}{2} \\y &= 3\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^2 - 3\left(\frac{1}{2}\right) + 1 = \frac{3}{4} - \frac{3}{2} + 1 = \frac{1}{4}\end{aligned}$$

The vertex is $\left(\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}\right)$.

12. Suppose the monthly profit function for a particular company $P(x) = 4 + 6x - x^2$, where x is how many thousands of units are produced and $P(x)$ is how many thousands of dollars in profit is earned. What is the maximum monthly profit this company can make?

Since the profit function is a parabola opening downward, the maximum is the y - value of the vertex.

$$\begin{aligned}x &= \frac{-6}{2(-1)} = 3 \\y &= 4 + 6(3) - (3)^2 = 13\end{aligned}$$

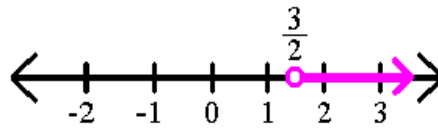
The maximum monthly profit is \$13,000.

13. Solve the inequality and graph your solution on a number line:

$$3x - 2 > x + 1$$

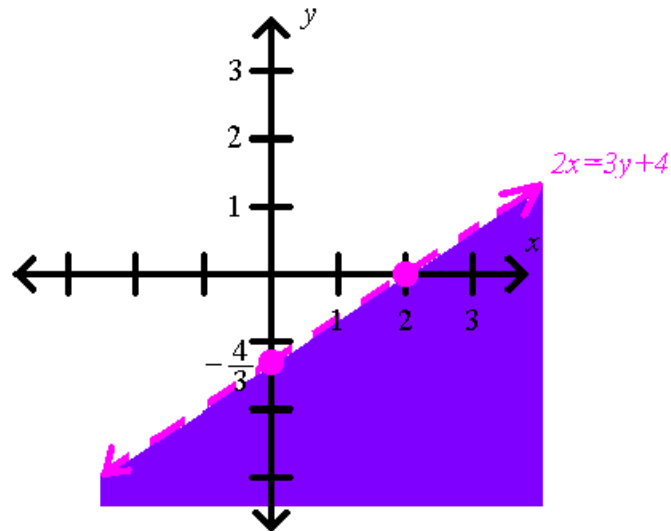
$$2x > 3$$

$$x > \frac{3}{2}$$



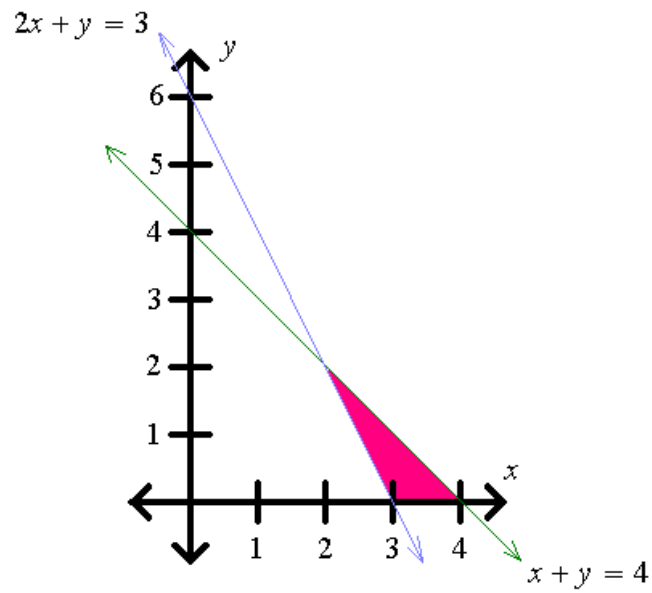
14. Graph the inequality:

$$2x > 3y + 4$$



15. Graph the solution to the system of inequalities:

$$\begin{cases} x + y \leq 4 \\ 2x + y \geq 3 \\ x \geq 0, y \geq 0 \end{cases}$$



16. Find all points where the line $y = 2x + 3$ and the parabola $y = x^2$ intersect.

$$\begin{aligned}
 x^2 &= 2x + 3 \\
 x^2 - 2x - 3 &= 0 \\
 (x - 3)(x + 1) &= 0
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 x - 3 &= 0 \text{ OR } x + 1 = 0 \\
 x &= 3 \text{ OR } x = -1
 \end{aligned}$$

When $x = 3, y = 9$.

When $x = -1, y = 1$.

The points of intersection are $(3, 9)$ and $(-1, 1)$.